Enhancing OPerational Earthquake foRecasting through innovative Approaches (OPERA)

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Collaboration with Rami Hofstater+Avi Shapira

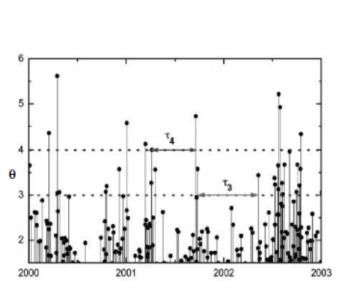
Do eartquakes cluster?

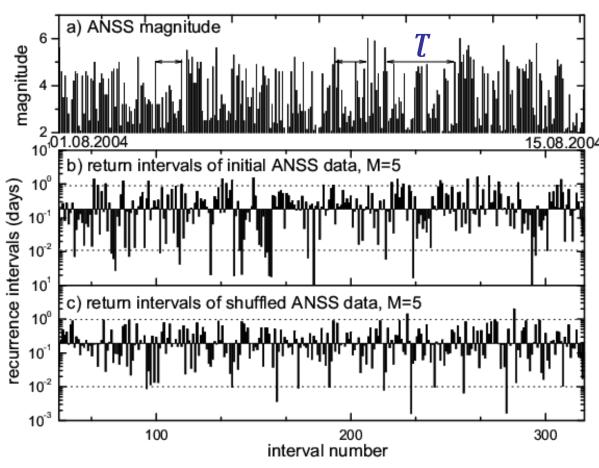


Lisbon 1755

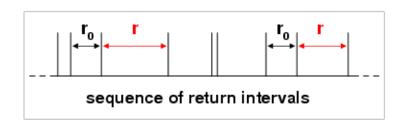
EARTHQUAKES CLUTERING

Clustering is found in the occurrence of earthquakes (similar to other extreme events in climate-fluds and extreme temperature)

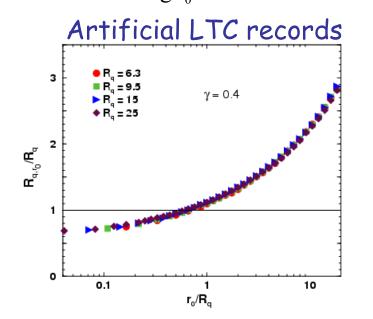


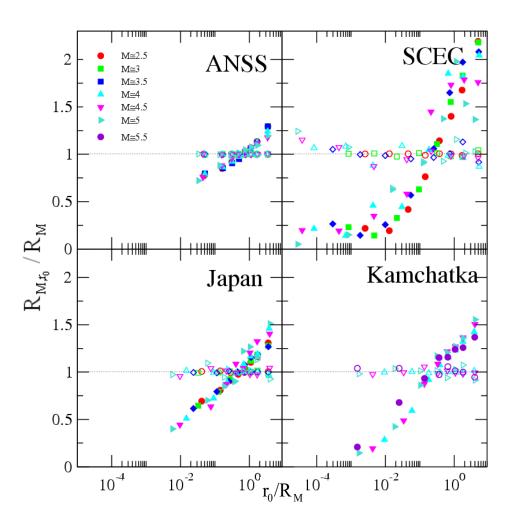


Earthquakes: Mean conditional return interval



 R_{M} – mean return intervals between earthquakes above magnitude M $R_{M,r_{0}}$ – mean conditional return intervals following r_{0}

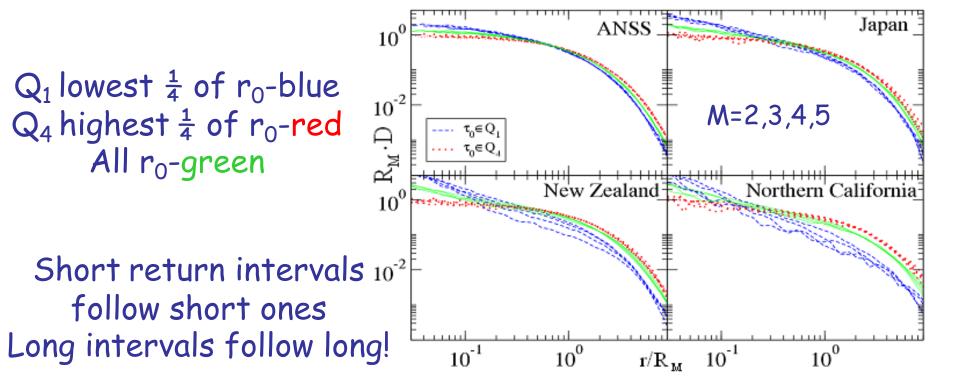




Possible origin: Long-term correlations

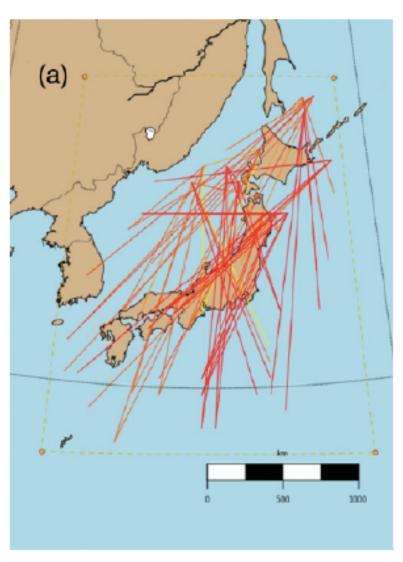
Scaling in the distribution of return intervals

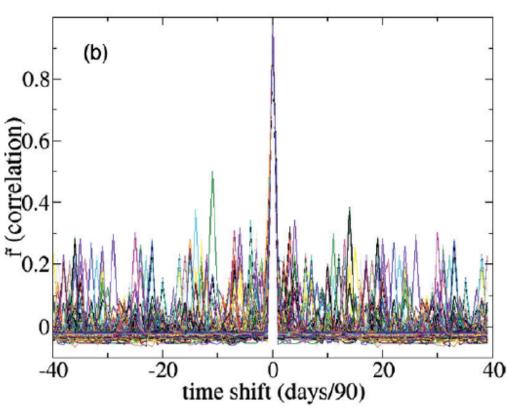
 $D(r | r_0)$ Probability to have a return interval r following r_0



Memory+Scaling: Livina et al, PRL (2005)

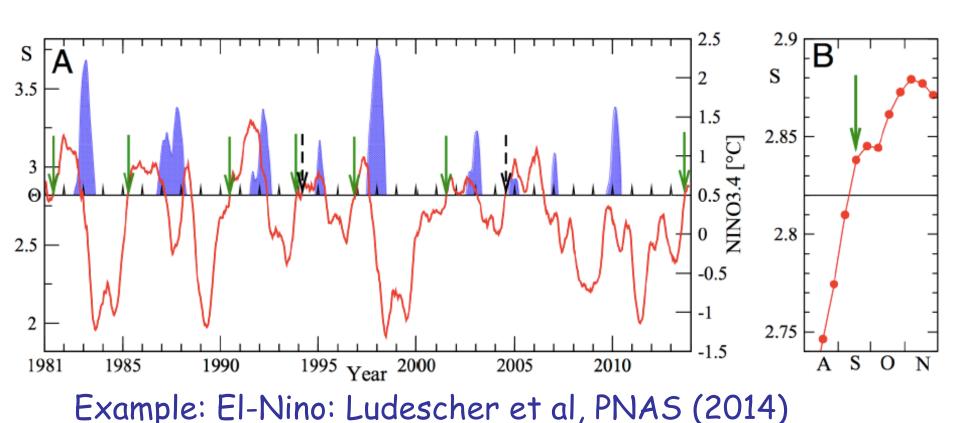
Earthquake Networks



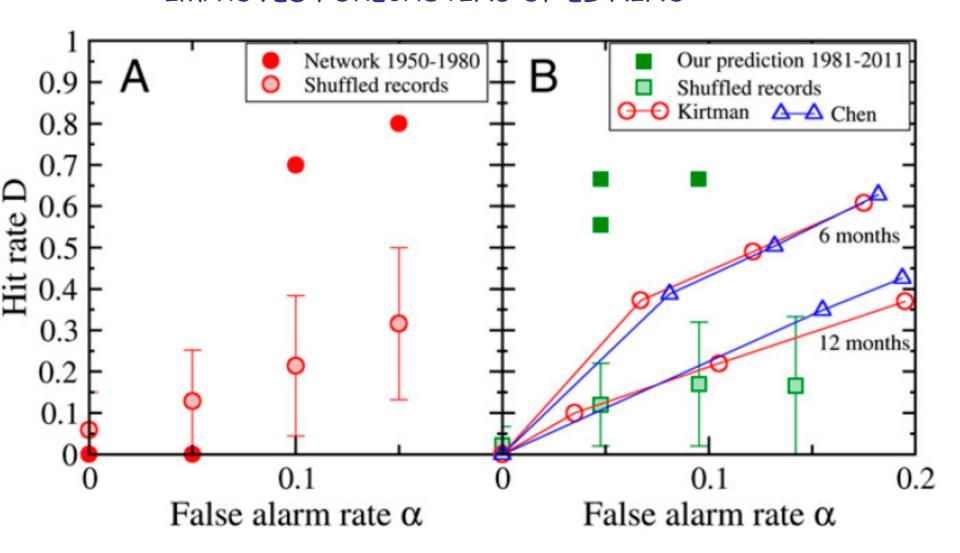


Tenenbaum et al PRE (2014)

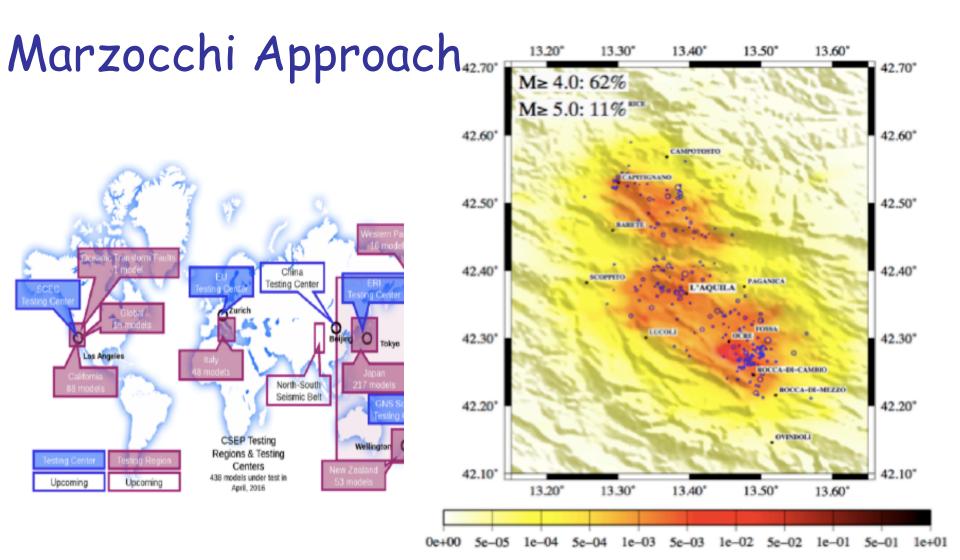
Prediction using evolving network Hypothesis: before extreme events —interactions in the network increase



IMPROVED FORECASTING OF EL-NINO



Ludescher et al, PNAS (2014)

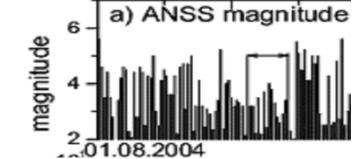


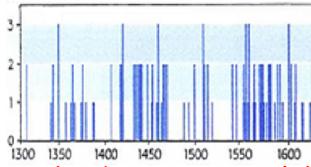
The testing regions and testing centers where (CSEP) experiments are ongoing.

The first real-time application of one-day earthquake forecast after the April 6, 2009, mainshock in L'Aquila Italy

SUMMARY

Similar long range persistence of earthquakes, temperatures and rivers flow (floods).





- Scaling laws of distributions (stretched exponentials) and long term memory in return intervals between earthquakes above a threshold M
 - Short return intervals follow short ones
 - Long return intervals follow long ones
- Clustering of both short and long return intervals Clustering of extreme events! Like BUS at night and day!
- Challenges: (a) Improve forecasting of earthquakes (b) origin?